1	STATE OF NEW HAMPSHIRE
2	PUBLIC UTILITIES COMMISSION
3	
4	May 20, 2008 - 10:11 a.m.
Concord, New Hampshire 5	Concord, New Hampshire
6	
7	RE: DE 07-045 BRIAR HYDRO ASSOCIATES:
8	Petition for Declaratory Ruling.  (Hearing for oral argument regarding
9	Motion for Reconsideration and Rehearing)
10	
11	PRESENT: Chairman Thomas B. Getz, Presiding
12	Commissioner Graham J. Morrison Commissioner Clifton C. Below
13	Jody Carmody, Clerk
14	
15	APPEARANCES: Reptg. Briar Hydro Associates:
16	Howard M. Moffett, Esq.
17	Reptg. Public Service Co. of New Hampshire: Gerald M. Eaton, Esq.
18	Reptg. Residential Ratepayers:
19	Kenneth E. Traum, Asst. Consumer Advocate Office of Consumer Advocate
20	Reptg. PUC Staff:

F. Anne Ross, Esq.
21
22
23 Court Reporter: Steven E. Patnaude, LCR
24

1					
2		IN	NDEX		
3				PAGE NO.	
4	STAT	EMENTS E	BY:		
5		Mr. N	Moffett	6, 57, 67	
6		Mr. T	raum	42	
7		Mr. E	Eaton	42, 66	
8					
9					
10		*	* *		
11					
12		EX	НІВІТ	S	
13	EXH	IBIT NO.	DES	CRIPTION	PAGE NO.
14	A	_	_	ritten document	21
15		-	N.H. Hydro Lower Fa	o Associates lls Hydro	
16	В			Escalating Contract	21
17		Option II,	Option II	nt, including I, and Levelized	
18	C	Rates Base	•		27
19	С	(March 5,	<del>-</del>	ons to Mr. Mack	37
20	D	RESERV	VED (Resp	oonse from Briar Hy	dro 67

## to a question by Commissioner Below) 21 22 23 24 {DE 07-045} (05-20-08)

1	PROCEEDINGS
2	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Good morning,
3	everyone. We'll open the hearing for the purposes of oral
4	argument in docket DE 07-045. On March 28, 2007, Briar
5	Hydro Associates filed a petition seeking a declaratory
6	ruling with respect to a 1982 contract for the purchase
7	and sale of electric energy. And, the Commission issued
8	an order containing its ruling on November 21, 2007.
9	Briar filed a motion for rehearing on December 21, to
10	which PSNH objected on December 31, 2007. And, on May
11	of this year we issued a secretarial letter scheduling
12	oral argument for today.
13	Before I go to procedure this morning,
14	let's take appearances please.
15	MR. EATON: For Public Service Company
16	of New Hampshire, my name is Gerald M. Eaton. Good
17	morning.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
19	CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning.
20	CMSR. BELOW: Good morning.

- 21 MR. MOFFETT: Mr. Chairman, I'm Howard
- 22 Moffett, with Orr & Reno, for Briar Hydro Associates, the
- 23 Petitioner. With me is Richard Norman, the President of
- 24 Briar Hydro Associates, and Susan Geiger from our office.

1	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
2	CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning.
3	CMSR. BELOW: Good morning.
4	MR. TRAUM: Good morning, Mr. Chairman,
5	Commissioners. Representing the Office of Consumer
6	Advocate, Kenneth Traum.
7	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
8	CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning.
9	CMSR. BELOW: Good morning.
10	MS. ROSS: Good morning, Commissioners.
11	Anne Ross, with the Public Utilities Commission Staff, and
12	with me today is Steve Mullen, an analyst in the Electric
13	Division, and Tom Frantz, the Director of the Electric
14	Division.
15	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Good morning.
16	CMSR. MORRISON: Good morning.
17	CMSR. BELOW: Good morning.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: The secretarial letter
19	on May 1 set out in general terms that we would take oral
20	argument today. And, that the especially looking at

- 21 the issues that's raised on Pages 7 through 15 of the
- 22 Briar motion, and that the parties should come prepared to
- 23 discuss their legal positions, present offers of proof
- 24 concerning what evidence, if any, they would produce at a

- 1 hearing in support of those positions.
- 2 In terms of procedure, I would begin
- 3 with the Petitioner, original Petitioner, Briar Hydro, and
- 4 would allow Briar an opportunity for a brief rebuttal. Of
- 5 course, there's a fair likelihood that there will be
- 6 questions from the Bench. Would expect to have -- that
- 7 PSNH go last. But let me turn to Mr. Traum, will you be
- 8 having oral positions to present today? Because,
- 9 otherwise, I think we would go from Briar, to the Consumer
- 10 Advocate, to Staff, then to PSNH.
- 11 MR. TRAUM: Certainly, at this point,
- sir, the Office of Consumer Advocate has been, at this
- point, expects to continue to support PSNH's position.
- 14 So, in that sense, I wasn't planning any additional
- 15 arguments, unless Mr. Eaton says something that I disagree
- with.
- 17 CHAIRMAN GETZ: That might be too late.
- 18 Mr. -- or, Ms. Ross.
- MS. ROSS: Thank you. I don't usually
- 20 get called a gentleman. I'm not planning on -- Staff is

- 21 not planning on taking a position in oral argument today.
- 22 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. In terms of
- 23 normal order, I would start with the Petitioner, and let
- 24 the Company go last. So, I think we'll, unless are there

I	any other issues that we should raise that need to be
2	addressed before we proceed?
3	(No verbal response)
4	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Then, let's begin
5	with Mr. Moffett.
6	MR. MOFFETT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman
7	and members of the Commission. We very much appreciate
8	the opportunity to be here today and to try to call the
9	Commission's attention to some matters that we believe
10	were either overlooked or misconceived as part of the
11	Commission's November 21st, 2007 order.
12	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Actually, let me
13	interrupt for a second. It might be easier for everyone
14	if you sat, then you'd be speaking into the microphone.
15	MR. MOFFETT: That would be fine. It
16	certainly makes me more comfortable. Thank you. In
17	particular, we would like to focus on seven areas in the
18	Commission's November 21st order where we believe that
19	either explicit assumptions that were made by the
20	Commission in the order or conclusions that the Commission

- 21 came to in the order are either not supported by evidence
- in the record or are specifically contradicted by evidence
- 23 or the precedent that is cited in the record.
- I think maybe to try to frame where we

1	are today, it's fair to say that, when we started this
2	case, certainly Briar Hydro Associates felt that the
3	matter at issue was a fairly simple and straightforward
4	matter of contract interpretation. That is, we really
5	thought that the contract was clear. It talks about
6	energy, it does not talk about capacity. When we got into
7	the case, we discovered that Public Service Company of New
8	Hampshire also thought that the contract was clear, only
9	they thought it was clear in the opposite way that Briar
10	Hydro did.
11	CHAIRMAN GETZ: A very common occurrence
12	here.
13	MR. MOFFETT: Yes. The Commission, in
14	dealing with that disagreement, came to the conclusion
15	that, in fact, the contract was not clear, that it was
16	ambiguous, and that it required extraneous evidence in
17	order to sort out the actual meaning of the contract.
18	We're really here today because, if that is the
19	Commission's position, then we think it's only fair to

hear at length and in detail about the evidence that would

- 21 be brought forward by both parties in support of their
- 22 interpretation of the contract. So, with that
- 23 understanding, --
- 24 CHAIRMAN GETZ: In that regard, you mean

1	a subsequent hearing on
2	MR. MOFFETT: Yes.
3	CHAIRMAN GETZ: a fact-based hearing?
4	MR. MOFFETT: And, let me make clear,
5	Mr. Norman is here today. I'm going to summarize, very
6	lightly, some offers of proof that we would intend to
7	make. But Mr. Norman is here, and he would be happy to
8	either explain those further, without being under oath or
9	to actually take the witness stand, if the Commission
10	wants him to do that. But we are really saying is, we
11	think that having having decided that the contract is
12	not clear on its face, and that it requires extraneous
13	evidence to interpret it, there is a whole lot of
14	evidence, much of it in the record, but not all of it in
15	the record that the Commission had when it decided the
16	case on November 21st, 2007.
17	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Well, let me make
18	one procedural point clear. We will not be taking
19	evidence from Mr. Norman today, because it wouldn't be
20	fair to the other parties in that record.

- 21 MR. MOFFETT: That's fine.
- 22 CHAIRMAN GETZ: But we will be hearing
- your offers of proof.
- MR. MOFFETT: That's fine. We don't --

- 1 We didn't expect that. We came prepared to do it, if the
- 2 Commission wanted it, we didn't expect it. So, I will go
- 3 ahead and summarize initially the offers of proof that we
- 4 would be prepared to make on the points that we think were
- 5 either misconceived or overlooked by the Commission.
- 6 And, as I said, I want to speak about
- 7 seven specific points. The first one has to do with the
- 8 Commission's statement at Page 15 of the November 21st,
- 9 2007 order, about run-of-river hydro facilities. This is
- the first full paragraph on Page 15 of the November 17th
- order -- excuse me, the November 21st order. And, in that
- paragraph, the Commission says "We recognize that not all
- 13 hydro facilities qualifying under LEEPA were capable of
- 14 offering energy and capacity. When the Commission
- 15 differentiated in 1979 between facilities with dependable
- 16 capacity and those that would receive a lower rate because
- 17 they lacked this attribute, the example given for the
- 18 latter was run-of-the-river hydro plants. In the 1982
- 19 time frame," which is the time frame of the contract,
- 20 "therefore, an "entire output" contract for a

- 21 run-of-the-river hydro would not have included capacity."
- 22 The Commission goes on to talk about two memos that
- 23 ascribed specific capacity to the Penacook Lower Falls
- 24 Project. But those memos were internal to PSNH. They {DE 07-045} (05-20-08)

1	were never shared with Briar Hydro.
2	For our purposes right now, the point
3	that we are concerned about is the statement that "In the
4	1982 time frame, an entire output contract for a
5	run-of-the-river hydro would not have included capacity."
6	Mr. Norman would be prepared to testify, under oath in a
7	later hearing in this docket, that the Penacook Lower
8	Falls facility was designed, began operating, and has
9	always operated as a run-of-river hydro facility. It
10	simply is a run-of-river hydro facility. So, by the
11	Commission's own guidelines, capacity should not have been
12	included and would not have been included in that
13	contract. That's point number one.
14	Point number two has to do with the
15	policy statement, the PSNH policy statement, that was
16	that was attached as Exhibit B-3 to Briar Hydro's reply
17	memorandum of June 29, 2007. This is a policy statement
18	that was developed by PSNH, it was an internal policy
19	statement, it was not negotiated.
20	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Actually, let me

- 21 interrupt, because I want to try and work through these as
- 22 we go along. Let me return to your point about the
- 23 run-of-river. Well, first of all, you said that I guess
- 24 Briar was unaware that there was a dependable capacity

1	number assigned to Penacook?
2	MR. MOFFETT: That's correct. Briar was
3	never privy to the internal memorandum that Mike Cannata
4	did for PSNH that ascribed the 1.57 megawatts. Those were
5	never shared with New Hampshire Hydro Associates.
6	CHAIRMAN GETZ: But I'm wondering how
7	this really affects our decision here? Whether it
8	MR. MOFFETT: I'll come back to it
9	later. But, for our purposes, all I wanted to indicate
10	was, we don't think those memoranda are relevant to the
11	point that the Commission itself has indicated that a
12	run-of-river hydro facility, selling its entire output in
13	this time frame, would not have been selling its capacity.
14	CHAIRMAN GETZ: But it appears from the
15	memoranda that, if Briar had selected Option I from the
16	three options put forth by PSNH, that it would have been
17	given a dependable capacity figure to which the higher
18	cents per kilowatt-hour rate would have been applied.
19	MR. MOFFETT: That's correct. But Briar
20	did not elect Option I. It could not have financed the

- 21 project under Option I.
- 22 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Yes, I understand that.
- 23 But I guess where I'm going is, I think you're making a
- 24 point that, with respect to whether Penacook was

1 run-of-river and how this dependable capacity would have 2 been applied, and I'm trying to understand the relevance to the underlying decision. Because it seems like you're 3 saying that Penacook is run-of-river, but PSNH concluded 4 it had a dependable capacity, and therefore it would have 5 had the higher cents per kilowatt-hour rate that would 6 7 have been essentially an all-in pricing, including energy 8 and capacity. 9 MR. MOFFETT: I want to draw it back, Mr. Chairman. I'm not trying to infer any of that more 10 complicated interpretation. All I'm saying, all I'm 11 12 pointing out, is that the Commission, in its order, said, 13 and I quote, "In the 1982 time frame, an entire output 14 contract for a run-of-river hydro facility would not have 15 included capacity." The Penacook Lower Falls Project was 16 a run-of-river hydro facility. That's all I'm saying. 17 CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, I'm trying to 18 understand the context. To the extent it's error, whether 19 it's harmless error, or something that would have an

effect on the ultimate decision in this case. So, okay, I

- 21 think I understand the points. So, if you want to proceed
- 22 to your second.
- 23 MR. MOFFETT: Okay. All right. Moving
- on to point number two, we want to talk for a little bit

- 1 about the PSNH policy statement, which, as I said, is
- 2 Exhibit B-3 to the Briar Hydro reply memorandum of
- 3 June 29, 2007. This is a policy statement that was
- 4 developed internally by PSNH. It was not negotiated with
- 5 New Hampshire Hydro. It was sent to Mr. Norman, by John
- 6 Lyons of PSNH, on November 20th, 1981, as a way of PSNH
- 7 indicating the various bases on which PSNH would be
- 8 prepared to contract with New Hampshire Hydro Associates
- 9 for the purchase of energy from the Penacook Lower Falls
- 10 facility.
- Now, the key thing about this is the
- 12 Commission's discussion of that policy statement on Page
- 13 of the November -- of the Commission's November 21,
- 14 2007 order. In the first full paragraph, the Commission
- indicated that "PSNH's policy statement on contract
- 16 pricing was of primary relevance to the question of the
- 17 interpretation of the contract." And, we agree with that.
- 18 The Commission then goes on to characterize the three
- 19 alternatives or options that PSNH laid out in that
- 20 contract -- in that policy statement. It is our position,

- and Mr. Norman would be prepared to testify, at some
- 22 length, on the basis of the language of the policy
- statement and the exhibits that were sent with it. And,
- 24 we have copies of those here, and I'd like Mrs. Geiger to

1	pass them out while we're talking about it, so that they
2	can be part of the record.
3	CHAIRMAN GETZ: I'm sorry, are these in
4	addition to what was part of the filing on
5	MR. MOFFETT: These particular These
6	particular
7	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Moffett, excuse me,
8	one at a time so Mr. Patnaude can record what's being said
9	here.
10	MR. MOFFETT: The policy statement
11	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Moffett, please.
12	MR. MOFFETT: Excuse me.
13	CHAIRMAN GETZ: What I want to
14	understand is, is this material that's already in your
15	filing from June 29 of last year or are these new
16	materials?
17	MR. MOFFETT: It's new material.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.
19	MR. MOFFETT: Sorry.
20	CHAIRMAN GETZ: That's okay.

- MR. MOFFETT: These are memoranda that
- were prepared by PSNH and sent to New Hampshire Hydro
- 23 Associates during the preliminary negotiations over the
- 24 contract. And, they were worksheets that helped to

1	explain that PSNH indicated would help to explain the
2	policy statement and the options that were being made
3	available in the policy statement.
4	Now, the central point that Mr. Norman
5	would testify to, and I would really like to defer to him
6	in terms of the way he explains this, but the central
7	point that he would testify to is that, contrary to the
8	Commission's assumption in the last full paragraph on
9	Page 13, that it is, and this is a quote from the last
10	sentence on Page 13 of the November 21 order, Commission
11	indicated "It is similarly reasonable to treat Options II
12	and III, which are long term options employing a 9 cents
13	per kWh index price, as reflecting an all-in price for
14	both energy and capacity."
15	Now, to be very clear about what we're
16	saying here, Briar Hydro Associates acknowledges, we
17	agree, we concede that Option I or Alternative I included,
18	for the amount of energy that was produced using
19	dependable capacity, Option I included what could fairly

be called an all-in price of 8.2 cents a kilowatt-hour for

- both energy and capacity. So, we have no disagreement
- 22 about the fact that Option I included an all-in price for
- 23 energy and capacity. Where we take strong issue with the
- 24 Commission's conclusion in the last sentence on Page 13 is

- that we think there is absolutely no basis in the record 1 2 for concluding that Options II and III also included an all-in price for energy and capacity. To the contrary, 3 and this would be Mr. Norman's testimony, the record is 4 5 very clear that the only component of that, of the pricing 6 that was made available by PSNH under Options II and III 7 was an energy component. It did not include capacity in 8 any way. It was based on --9 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Let me ask you this. Let me ask, well, there's two things. One is just purely 10 administrative. This document that you've handed out that 11 12 has a December 15, 1981 stamp at the top, --13 MR. MOFFETT: Yes. 14 CHAIRMAN GETZ: This may answer a 15 question that -- a related question I had had. When I 16 looked at your -- I was just looking at the documents and 17 trying to make sure I've got the chronology correct. And, in your filing from June 29, in sub -- looks like 18 Attachment 4? 19
- file:///O//CaseFile/2007/07-045/TRANSCRIPTS%20AND%20OFFICIAL%20EXHIBITS/07-045OA.txt (31 of 136)6/5/2008 3:25:28 PM

MR. MOFFETT: Yes. Attachment 4 is a

- 21 December 29, 1981 letter to Mr. Lyons from New Hampshire
- 22 Hydro Associates.
- 23 CHAIRMAN GETZ: That's right. And, in
- 24 the first sentence it says "NHHA has reviewed your letter

- 1 dated December 21, 1981." And, I did not see a letter
- 2 dated that date. I see, you know, previously the letter
- 3 from November 20th. And, I'm wondering, was this part --
- 4 either I've missed the December 21 letter or, you know,
- 5 perhaps this was part of that December 21 letter. But I
- 6 just wanted to see if we could --
- 7 MR. MOFFETT: Mr. Chairman, I can't,
- 8 unfortunately, answer your question directly. I honestly
- 9 do not recall at the moment whether or not the December 21
- 10 letter was -- I can't answer the Chairman's question
- directly without going back and looking more carefully in
- 12 the files. I will say that, as everybody understands, the
- documents that form the basis of this contract are now 26
- 14 years old. And, PSNH reviewed its files carefully and
- provided us with copies of everything in their files that
- 16 they had, and we did the same thing, and provided those
- 17 copies to PSNH and the other parties. But there were some
- documents, frankly, that were not available in either of
- 19 those files. I'll have to go back and look more
- 20 carefully. But I'm not sure that the December 21, 1981

- 21 letter is in the record or even that we found it. If I
- 22 can -- If I can have the opportunity to look in our files
- 23 and get back to the Commission on that, I'd like to --
- 24 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, let me put it this

1	way then is, to the extent either of the parties can find
2	the has the December 21, 1981 letter, ask that it be
3	submitted to us after the hearing.
4	MR. MOFFETT: Yes.
5	CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, the other issue I
6	wanted to follow up on is when you said the "evidence"
7	that Mr. Norman would speak to. Does that mean his
8	interpretation of what the policy statement means? The
9	evidence being the policy statement and his understanding?
10	MR. MOFFETT: Not just the policy
11	statement, but the exhibits that accompanied the policy
12	statement.
13	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Including the
14	MR. MOFFETT: And the matter that has
15	just been introduced into the record, namely the
16	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.
17	MR. MOFFETT: RVP-1, 2 and 3 stands for
18	"Richard V. Perron", who was a colleague of Mr. Lyons at
19	PSNH.
20	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.

- MR. MOFFETT: And worked with him on
- developing the formula for pricing under the PSNH policy
- 23 statement.
- 24 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.

1	MR. MOFFETT: And, so, those are his
2	initials.
3	CHAIRMAN GETZ: All right. That answers
4	my questions. Sorry for dragging you off course.
5	MR. MOFFETT: That's okay. I would like
6	to be able to say more about this issue, but Mr. Norman is
7	actually much better qualified to speak about it than I
8	am. And, without putting him under oath, I would like to
9	ask if the Commission would allow him just to say a few
10	words about the significance of those worksheets, and why
11	we think it's important that the Commission actually here
12	testimony on that issue.
13	CHAIRMAN GETZ: I don't think that's
14	not the purpose of this oral argument today. You were put
15	in a position to make oral to make offers of proof
16	about that
17	MR. MOFFETT: All right. Then, let's
18	leave it there, just by saying that we would like Mr.
19	Norman to have the opportunity to speak under oath and
20	provide actual evidence to the Commission on that, on that

- 21 issue.
- Issue number three has to do with the
- 23 pre-contract negotiations. Oh, I'm sorry. There is -- I
- 24 got ahead of myself. There is one further document that

1	we would like to introduce into the record and include in
2	the documents that Mr. Norman would speak to at a later
3	hearing on the merits. And, these are a series of cases
4	analyzing the actual numbers that are used in Option II
5	and Option III in the PSNH policy statement, as compared
6	with the numbers that fall out from the actual pricing
7	formula in the 1982 contract that was signed between Briar
8	Hydro and PSNH, because they are different. In other
9	words, Mr. Norman will testify to the fact that, based
10	upon the numbers that would fall out from Option II and
11	Option III, under the PSNH policy statement, there should
12	have been a higher contract price than there was in the
13	actual contract that was signed in 1982 between PSNH and
14	New Hampshire Hydro Associates. And, again, Mr. Norman
15	would like the opportunity to explain to the Commission
16	just exactly how those numbers stack up.
17	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Just for purposes
18	of housekeeping, and recognizing this is not a hearing on
19	the merits, we'll describe the first document, the

three-page handwritten calculations, with a date

- "December 15, 1981" at the top, as "Exhibit A". And,
- we'll describe the four-page document, with the heading
- 23 "Option II Fixed Rate Future Escalating Contract" as
- 24 "Exhibit B". Though, it looks like we have two different

1	documents up here.
2	CMSR. BELOW: The front page of mine is
3	marked "Option III".
4	CHAIRMAN GETZ: You may just be missing
5	one.
6	CMSR. BELOW: And, the front page of
7	CHAIRMAN GETZ: It's just in a different
8	order.
9	CMSR. BELOW: So, four pages?
10	CMSR. MORRISON: Four pages.
11	CMSR. BELOW: Okay.
12	(The documents, as described, were
13	herewith marked as Exhibit A and
14	Exhibit B, respectively, for
15	identification.)
16	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. I think we have
17	it. Please proceed.
18	MR. MOFFETT: So, moving onto point
19	number three then, I'd like to refer to the Commission's
20	order of November 21 on Page 14. The Commission had

- 21 concluded its discussion about the PSNH policy statement
- and had made the -- what we believe was an unwarranted
- 23 logical leap. That, because Option I could be fairly
- 24 characterized as included -- as including an all-in price

- 1 for energy and capacity, that therefore Option II and
- 2 Option III must necessarily also include an all-in price
- 3 for energy and capacity. And, then, on Page 14, the
- 4 Commission said "Consequently, we find that PSNH offered a
- 5 price for both energy and capacity, which NHHA ultimately
- 6 accepted", this is toward the bottom of the first
- 7 paragraph on Page 14 of the Commission's order.
- 8 We, again, we believe strongly that, if
- 9 the Commission concludes that the language of the contract
- 10 is ambiguous, there needs to be testimony on what the
- parties' intent was. And, Briar Hydro Associates has
- offered, as an attachment to its Motion for
- 13 Reconsideration and Rehearing, the Affidavit of Warren
- 14 Mack. Mr. Mack was a colleague of Mr. Norman's, who was
- participating in the negotiations of this contract in late
- 16 1981 and early 1982, along with Mr. Norman. Mr. Mack's
- 17 affidavit has been submitted as part of the -- as an
- 18 attachment to Briar Hydro's Motion for Rehearing. And, I
- 19 would just like to read into the record one paragraph from
- 20 that affidavit, which summarizes Mr. Mack's recollection

- 21 of the discussions with Mr. Lyons on the central point,
- 22 the central factual point of whether or not this contract
- 23 includes capacity. Mr. Mack is not here today. We're
- submitting this as an offer of proof. But, if the

- 1 Commission schedules a hearing, we would expect that we
- 2 would ask Mr. Mack to come back from California and
- 3 testify under oath on this, on this point. But this
- 4 affidavit is given under oath.
- 5 I call the Commission's attention to
- 6 Paragraph 5 at the bottom of Page 2 of the Mack affidavit.
- 7 He's talking about New Hampshire Hydro Associates'
- 8 negotiations with PSNH. And, he says "In our
- 9 conversations about the capacity issue, including those in
- 10 response to my three letters, Mr. Lyons did not waver from
- 11 his assertion that the capacity of the Lower Penacook
- 12 Project had no value to PSNH, that PSNH would not pay for
- 13 it, and that he would not include it in the contract. He
- 14 referred to PSNH having Seabrook and therefore no need for
- 15 additional capacity. Mr. Lyons on several occasions
- 16 referred to the contract being negotiated as being a
- standard form of contract and that he was not going to
- 18 change the contract form for NHHA. Notably, he did not
- state that PSNH was buying the capacity of the Lower
- 20 Penacook Project nor did he otherwise suggest that the

- 21 contract included capacity as well as energy. We both
- 22 understood clearly that it did not."
- Now, that statement on the record is
- 24 simply incompatible with the Commission's conclusion at

- 1 Page 14 of the Commission's order. And, there is no --
- 2 there is no evidence in the record that controverts that.
- 3 Now, I'm not saying that PSNH might not have evidence that
- 4 could be taken to controvert that. I'm just saying that,
- 5 on the record, as it stands today, if you go to extraneous
- 6 evidence, if you go to extrinsic evidence to explain the
- 7 meaning of the contract, based on the record I think you
- 8 have to conclude that this contract was a contract solely
- 9 for energy and did not include capacity. Neither party
- 10 understood that it included capacity. This despite the
- fact that PSNH knew, but did not share with Briar Hydro,
- 12 that the project had capacity. Okay. So, that's point
- 13 number three.
- Point number four: We would like the
- 15 opportunity for Mr. Norman to present testimony on the
- 16 question of post-contract dealings, which, again, if the
- 17 contract is ambiguous on its face, we believe are helpful
- in showing the intent of the parties and the way they
- 19 acted after the contract. Now, the Commission expressly
- said, at Page 17, that it was not -- at Page 17 of the

- 21 November 21st order, that it was not going to consider the
- 22 post-contract dealings. It said it didn't have to,
- because it had already come to the conclusion that the
- 24 contract was based on an all-in price for energy and

- 1 capacity. But we would like the opportunity for Mr.
- 2 Norman to present testimony on a series of post-contract
- 3 dealings between PSNH and New Hampshire Hydro Associates
- 4 that we think shed light on the question of whether PSNH
- 5 ever ascribed any capacity value to the contract.
- 6 One is the PSNH letter of February 6,
- 7 1984 to NEPEX, regarding the fact that PSNH was claiming
- 8 the capacity of the Penacook Lower Falls Project. The
- 9 point that Mr. Norman would testify to on that score is
- simply that, although PSNH may have sent that letter to
- 11 NEPEX, it never copied New Hampshire Hydro Associates on
- 12 that letter. So, there was no basis for New Hampshire
- 13 Hydro Associates to understand that that capability
- 14 responsibility claim had been made to NEPEX by PSNH. In
- other words, it was a unilateral claim. It was never
- acknowledged, it was never acceded to by New Hampshire
- 17 Hydro Associates. And, it can't be taken now as evidence
- that both parties understood that capacity was included in
- 19 the contract.
- 20 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, let me make sure I

- 21 understand. So, you're not advancing this as support for
- your position in the first instance. Basically, it sounds
- 23 like it's a defensive argument that --
- 24 MR. MOFFETT: That's correct. That's {DE 07-045} (05-20-08)

1	correct.
2	CHAIRMAN GETZ: But we didn't take it
3	into consideration
4	MR. MOFFETT: The point is The point
5	is simply
6	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Moffett, you've got
7	to Mr. Patnaude is not going to capture all of this if
8	we're both talking.
9	MR. MOFFETT: Excuse me.
10	CHAIRMAN GETZ: But you're not saying
11	that the Commission use that as part of its decision in
12	the first instance?
13	MR. MOFFETT: No, I'm not, because the
14	Commission expressly said, on Page 17, that it would not
15	consider the post-contract dealings between the parties.
16	The second evidence of post-contract dealings that we like
17	Mr. Norman to be able to testify to is a letter that was
18	sent by PSNH, specifically Todd Wicker, to Tom Tarpey, who
19	was associated with Mr. Norman and New Hampshire Hydro
20	Associates, in 1990, May 14, 1990. And, in that letter,

- 21 Mr. Wicker included a spreadsheet, which purported to
- demonstrate how PSNH had arrived at an offer that it was
- 23 making to New Hampshire Hydro Associates to buy out the
- 24 front-end loading value of the contract. It is a

- 1 spreadsheet with a series of columns. And, the columns
- 2 include several columns that purport to address capacity,
- 3 but they are filled with zeros. We'd like Mr. Norman to
- 4 be able to address the impact and the significance of that
- 5 spreadsheet and what it says about whether PSNH considered
- 6 that the contract included capacity; we think it's pretty
- 7 clear that it didn't. So, that is point number -- excuse
- 8 me. I'm sorry, yes. This is already in the record. It
- 9 is Exhibit D to the Briar Hydro reply memorandum of
- June 29th, 2007. And, there is an analysis attached to
- that, it's called Appendix B-1, which Mr. Norman would
- 12 like to be able to speak to.
- 13 As a third component of this point
- 14 number four, we would like Mr. Norman to be able to
- 15 comment on an e-mail that he received from John MacDonald
- of PSNH on November 7th, 2006, related to the point of
- 17 whether or not PSNH had bothered to keep track of capacity
- value for any of these contracts, other than the rate
- orders. That's already in the record. It is Exhibit C to
- 20 Briar Hydro's original March 28th, 2007 Petition for

- 21 Declaratory Ruling.
- And, finally, we would like Mr. Norman
- 23 to be able to address the question of the actual invoices
- 24 that were used in compensating New Hampshire Hydro

- 1 Associates, and then Briar Hydro Associates, for what was 2 sold to PSNH under the contract. A sample copy of those invoices is attached as Exhibit B to the original Briar 3 Hydro Petition for a Declaratory Ruling. And, it makes it 4 clear that PSNH is paying for energy only, no capacity, at 5 the rate of 3.53 cents per kilowatt-hour. 6 7 So, those four points are points on 8 which we would like Mr. Norman to have the opportunity to 9 offer sworn testimony on the record. We would also like 10 the opportunity to revisit several points in the Commission's order that deal perhaps not so much with 11 12 factual questions as legal arguments. And, in the notice of today's hearing, the Commission invited us to summarize 13 14 any legal arguments that we thought were misconstrued or 15 overlooked, in addition to factual points. 16 The first of these, so this is point
- The first of these, so this is point

  number five, is the whole argument about whether or not

  output, as it's used in the contract, equates to capacity

  or to energy. In response to the Chairman's invitation at

  the original prehearing conference on May 23rd last year,

- 21 we presented in our reply memorandum a series of cases,
- 22 notably including several from New York and Virginia, but
- 23 also some from Indiana and Maryland, in which other courts
- had construed the term "output" in a way that clearly

- 1 identified the term "output" with energy, rather than
- 2 capacity. It was -- It was surprising to us when the
- 3 Commission, in its order of November 21st, noted that we
- 4 had presented those cases, but then said nothing about
- 5 them. It didn't distinguish -- The Commission didn't
- 6 distinguish them. It didn't say why they thought they
- 7 might not be relevant. It just mentioned them and then
- 8 passed on. So, we would only say that, to the extent that
- 9 legal precedent has value, which we took from the
- 10 Chairman's question it should have, we felt that the
- 11 Commission had essentially overlooked the legal
- 12 precedential value of those cases.
- Point number six: The Commission, on
- 14 Page 16 of its November 21st order, makes the following
- 15 statement: This is toward the bottom of the page. It's
- the last couple of sentences on Page 16. It says
- 17 "Generation capacity does not exist in the abstract
- entirely separable from the energy produced by a facility.
- 19 Energy output is the result of the using generating
- 20 capacity over time." We agree with the second statement

- 21 incidentally, it's the first statement that gives us
- trouble. We think, in fact, that the industry, including
- 23 the parties, PSNH and New Hampshire Hydro Associates, and
- 24 the Commission and FERC have clearly differentiated

1	between energy and capacity since 1979, when FERC issued
2	its Order 69 in the PURPA case. We talked about that at
3	some length in our reply memorandum. I don't want to
4	rehash the arguments here. But, in fact, throughout Order
5	69 from FERC, the distinction is made between energy and
6	capacity, and FERC explains in some detail the reason why
7	they are different and the reason why they have to be
8	considered differently, in terms of capturing the value
9	that comes from a generating facility.
10	CHAIRMAN GETZ: But isn't it true, at
11	the time of the formation of this contract, that energy
12	and capacity was compensated through a cents per
13	kilowatt-hour rate that included both attributes of energy
14	and capacity?
15	MR. MOFFETT: Only for short-term
16	contracts. Only for contracts that specifically used the
17	Commission's 8.2 and 7.7 cents bifurcated pricing.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: And also the Option I
19	MR. MOFFETT: This was I'm sorry?
20	CHAIRMAN GETZ: And also the Option I

- 21 under the policy statement.
- MR. MOFFETT: Option I specifically
- 23 referred to and incorporated the Commission's bifurcated
- 24 price, which included an all-in price for energy and

1	capacity up to up to the amount of dependable capacity,
2	and then a strict energy price, a lower price of 7.7 cents
3	for any energy in excess of that dependable capacity.
4	That was captured in Option I of PSNH's policy statement,
5	but that was not the basis for the New Hampshire Hydro
6	Associates' contract in 1982. The basis for that contract
7	was Option III. And, as we would like to give Mr. Norman
8	a chance to testify to, Option III plainly did not include
9	capacity.
10	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Plainly did not include
11	capacity or assigned no value to capacity?
12	MR. MOFFETT: It just didn't deal with
13	capacity. It was based strictly and entirely, solely on
14	PSNH's incremental cost of energy. And, that phrase
15	"incremental energy cost" is very clearly defined both in
16	the PSNH policy statement and in the contract to include
17	energy alone.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Is it fair to conclude

that what the Commission was doing at the time, in terms

of the cents per kilowatt-hour price that included both

19

- 21 attributes of energy and capacity, was it was a pricing
- 22 mechanism for administrative ease?
- MR. MOFFETT: Well, Mr. Chairman, that
- 24 may be. I wouldn't want to speak to that. I wouldn't

- 1 want to characterize what PSNH or the Commission had in 2 mind when it set that bifurcated price. The major point here is, we don't have any argument with the Commission or 3 with PSNH that Option I included an all-in price for 4 5 energy and capacity. We simply don't understand how the 6 Commission could make a logical leap that, because 7 capacity was included in an all-in price in Option I, that 8 therefore necessarily had to be included -- that capacity 9 had to be included in an all-in price under Options II and 10 Options III. There is, in fact, no evidence in the record that would support that, and there is evidence in the 11 12 record that contradicts that, that suggests otherwise. 13 CMSR. BELOW: Just to focus on the 14 sentence that you seem to be taking exception to, the 15 statement that "Generation capacity does not exist in the 16 abstract entirely separable from the energy produced by a 17 facility." Are you simply -- Are you saying that sort of troubles you or that you think there's a logical -- you 18
- MR. MOFFETT: Both. And, we think --

have a logical disagreement with that statement?

- 21 And, we think that the industry has long recognized the
- 22 difference and has compensated energy and capacity
- 23 differently.
- 24 CMSR. BELOW: Well, in looking at this

- 1 specific power plant, are you suggesting it had the
- 2 ability to generate electricity that could be used for
- 3 some other purpose than to deliver that electricity in its
- 4 entirety to PSNH.
- 5 MR. MOFFETT: No. No, Commissioner
- 6 Below, I'm not suggesting that. We don't argue that the
- 7 energy from that, from that plant, has to go to PSNH under
- 8 the contract. What we're saying is --
- 9 CMSR. BELOW: So, isn't the entire
- 10 capacity of that generation facility obligated to meet its
- 11 contractual obligation to deliver the entire output to
- 12 PSNH?
- MR. MOFFETT: No, because, and in order
- 14 to make this point maybe as simply as I can, we're clear
- 15 that New Hampshire Hydro Associates, or Briar Hydro
- 16 Associates now, is obligated to provide all of its energy
- or, if you want, all of its output to PSNH, but capacity
- 18 is different. And, in order to make that point, I would
- simply call your attention to the fact that ISO-New
- 20 England and FERC have recognized that capacity has a

- 21 separate value in the Forward Capacity Market, which
- basically says "we're going to ascribe value to steel and
- 23 concrete in the ground that represents the capacity to
- 24 produce electric energy, even though the actual energy

1	that it produces might be sold to a different party."
2	CMSR. BELOW: But are you saying they're
3	willing to recognize the ability to generate electricity
4	capacity distinct from and separate from actually
5	producing that electricity, in the sense that, if the
6	plant is not actually contractually capable of delivering
7	the electricity or, you know, actually using that
8	capacity, is that a different concept?
9	MR. MOFFETT: What the capacity What
10	the capacity value represents is the ability to produce
11	the energy. But you could have the capacity to produce
12	the energy without having an obligation to sell the
13	energy, and vice versa. You can have an obligation to
14	sell the energy, without being obligated to give the value
15	that's represented by the capacity to the same party.
16	That's what the Forward Capacity Market stands for. And,
17	I understand the point that you're making. I just think
18	I just think it's important to recognize that the
19	industry ascribes different values to capacity and energy.

It does not assume that, because one party is entitled to

- 21 the entire output, that is all of the energy that is
- produced by a plant, that that party also has an
- 23 entitlement to the value of the capacity.
- Another way of saying it would be simply

- 1 to say that there are -- you can imagine circumstances
- 2 under which a plant that has a given capacity might shut
- down, it might stop selling energy. But, as long as it
- 4 has the capacity to start up again and produce energy,
- 5 ISO-New England and FERC and NEPOOL will recognize that
- 6 capacity separately from the energy that could have been
- 7 produced using that capacity.
- 8 CMSR. BELOW: But, just to be clear,
- 9 you're not asserting that this generation unit could use
- 10 its capacity to produce electricity for any customer other
- 11 than PSNH?
- MR. MOFFETT: That's correct. All of
- the energy, all of the energy produced by the Penacook
- 14 Lower Falls facilities is obligated to be sold to PSNH
- 15 under the contract.
- 16 CMSR. BELOW: Okay.
- MR. MOFFETT: Okay. Point number seven,
- and this is my last one: In PSNH's memorandum of June 15,
- 19 2007, I'm trying to find it here, at Page 3 I believe,
- 20 PSNH deals with the FERC regulations and the Code of

- 21 Federal Regulations that define the obligations of
- 22 qualifying facilities. And, it makes the statement, which
- 23 we believe is unsupported, that "a qualifying facility
- 24 selling under these regulations to an electric utility

- 1 cannot sell energy without selling capacity." We don't
- 2 believe there's any support for that in FERC Order 69,
- 3 which we -- which we analyzed at some length in our reply
- 4 memorandum of June 29th. But the more salient point, for
- 5 purposes of this morning, and this gets to a factual point
- 6 that again I'd like Mr. Norman to have the opportunity to
- 7 testify to, PSNH makes a distinction between a qualifying
- 8 facility that it says is obligated to sell both energy and
- 9 capacity together, under 18 CFR Section 292.303(a). This
- is at the bottom of Page 3 in the PSNH memorandum. And,
- then, it goes onto stay "But there's an exception under
- 12 Section (d) of 292.303. And that exception would allow
- capacity to be sold separately from energy in the case of
- 14 a qualifying facility that is not directly connected to
- 15 the purchasing utility", in this case PSNH, "but rather
- 16 has to wheel through an interconnecting utility." Mr.
- 17 Norman would like the opportunity to testify that the
- 18 Penacook Lower Falls facility is not directly connected to
- 19 PSNH. It is connected to Concord Electric, or what is now
- 20 Unitil, and Unitil wheels that power to PSNH. So, it

- 21 falls directly within the exception to what PSNH we
- believe mistakenly calls a general rule that a qualifying
- 23 facility cannot sell capacity separately from energy.
- 24 And, with that, Mr. Chairman, I'll stand {DE 07-045} (05-20-08)

1 down. I've talked an awful lot. And, we -- oh, I'm sorry 2 Mrs. Geiger is calling my attention to the fact that we're not sure that a second -- actually, it's a third document 3 that we had meant to include in the record got into the 4 record this morning. This is a March 5th letter to Mr. 5 6 Mack, from John Lyons, with an attachment that shows the 7 basis for PSNH's pricing formula based on the incremental 8 energy cost. And, if we could, I'd like to make sure that 9 that gets into the record as well. CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Let's mark this 10 as "Exhibit C". 11 12 (The document, as described, was 13 herewith marked as Exhibit C for 14 identification.) 15 CHAIRMAN GETZ: I want to return for a 16 moment, Mr. Moffett, to the policy statement. I think 17 you've indicated that you agree that Option I is an all-in price cents per kilowatt-hour that includes energy and 18 capacity? 19 MR. MOFFETT: Up to the point of 20

- 21 dependable capacity, yes.
- 22 CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, then, it seems that
- 23 we have two options with respect to Options II and III.
- 24 Is that, and the one that we -- the conclusion we made in

- 1 the order was that Options II and III are equivalent in
- 2 nature to Option I, to the extent that there are both
- 3 attributes of energy and capacity being purchased by PSNH.
- 4 It's simply that PSNH assigned no value to that capacity.
- 5 The other option, the other alternative is that Options II
- 6 and III do not include capacity. And, it seems that the
- 7 crux of that conclusion would have to be based on the fact
- 8 of the way the word "energy" was used. That it was only
- 9 meant to buy energy, and that it was basically saying "you
- 10 keep the capacity." Is that a fair characterization of
- 11 the alternatives of how to interpret?
- MR. MOFFETT: With this qualification,
- 13 Mr. Chairman. I don't think I would agree with your first
- statement that PSNH was -- said "we're buying the
- 15 capacity, but we're not ascribing any value to it." In
- 16 fact, the internal PSNH memoranda from Mike Cannata to
- 17 Henry Ellis in this same time frame made it clear that
- 18 PSNH did ascribe a value, specifically 1.57 megawatts of
- 19 capacity. It's just that that was not shared with NHHA.
- 20 So, when John Lyons took the position that the contract

- 21 had no value, and he didn't want to pay for it and he
- didn't want to include it in the contract, the only fair
- 23 inference was they understood there was capacity, they
- just didn't want to include that in the contract.

1	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, I guess I have a
2	hard time reconciling what you just said with the
3	November 21, 1981 letter from Mr. Lyons, which is the
4	cover to the policy statement. It seems that you could
5	read this package as saying, in this communication to Mr.
6	Norman, "You have" "We're providing three options.
7	Pick an option." And, why would we not conclude that they
8	were comparable options, in terms of we will this is
9	the value we will provide you for all of what you have,
10	with Option I being specific about having both attributes,
11	and in this letter saying "This policy is somewhat more
12	liberal in compensation for purchased energy", I realize
13	he uses the word "energy", but the options conclude all
14	three, which and you've already admitted, in Option I,
15	includes energy and capacity. So, this is what I'm having
16	trouble reconciling.
17	MR. MOFFETT: Well, let me just say
18	first, I'd really like to give Mr. Norman a chance to
19	speak to that, because I think he's more grounded in the
20	details. But I will tell you that there are at least two

- 21 answers to that question. One is that, unlike Option I,
- 22 PSNH made very clear in the policy statement that Option
- 23 II and Option III were based on PSNH's incremental cost of
- 24 energy. That term "incremental cost of energy" or

- 1 "incremental energy cost" was very specifically defined by
- 2 PSNH in an addendum to the policy statement, it's at Page
- 3 4 of the policy statement, and it's entitled "Definition
- 4 of Incremental Energy Cost", and that same definition is
- 5 included in the contract itself in Article 3, the price
- 6 formula. So, that's --
- 7 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Yes, I recognize that.
- 8 But that seems to me you're taking that as the means of
- 9 calculating what Briar would be paid to mean that PSNH
- 10 expressly waived any interest in the capacity.
- MR. MOFFETT: No, that's not what we're
- 12 arguing. We're not arguing that in connection with the
- policy statement. We are arguing that in connection with
- 14 the evidence that we would proffer on the pre-contract
- 15 negotiations between Mr. Mack and Mr. Norman on the one
- 16 hand and Mr. Lyons and Mr. Perron on the other. But, for
- purposes of an analysis of the policy statement, we're not
- 18 -- all we're arguing is that, by its own terms, the policy
- statement drafted and developed by PSNH specifically links
- 20 the pricing under Options II and III solely and entirely

- 21 to PSNH's incremental cost of energy. And, that is very
- specifically defined by PSNH in the policy statement and
- 23 in the contract. That's one thing.
- 24 The second thing, the second reason I

- 1 would respectfully take issue with your characterization
- 2 is really something that, again, I'd like Mr. Norman to
- 3 have the opportunity to testify to, but the worksheets
- 4 that were attached to the policy statement, one of which
- 5 was already in the record, the others of which have been
- 6 submitted into the record this morning, really speak
- 7 volumes about how PSNH viewed the pricing and the basis
- 8 for the pricing under Option II and Option III, but
- 9 specifically Option -- well, both Option II and Option
- 10 III. It's clear that Option II and Option III were
- supposed to have an equivalent economic value. That point
- was not -- did not extend to Option I, okay? Option I had
- 13 a different economic value. It was a short-term contract.
- 14 Option II and Option III were based on PSNH's projections
- about the cost that it would bear to produce energy,
- 16 energy only, over time, over the term, the long term of
- 17 the contract, 30 years. And, we just think that, if the
- 18 Commission -- if the Commission really believes that the
- 19 contract is not clear on its face, and that it requires
- 20 extraneous evidence to interpret the meaning of "energy"

- 21 and "output" and things like that, we'd like Mr. Norman to
- 22 have the -- and Mr. Mack, for that matter, to have the
- 23 opportunity to testify about what they understood going
- 24 into -- going into the signing of that contract.

1	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Thank you. Mr.
2	Traum, did you
3	MR. TRAUM: After having listened to
4	Briar Hydro's comments this morning, the OCA continues to
5	support the arguments laid out by PSNH previously and the
6	Commission decision.
7	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. And,
8	Ms. Ross, you had not intended to make argument this
9	morning?
10	MS. ROSS: Staff takes no position on
11	the issues. Thank you.
12	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Mr. Eaton.
13	MR. EATON: Thank you, Mr. Chairman. As
14	I understand the task this morning we are to address is
15	whether rehearing ought to be granted so that a further
16	evidentiary hearing can be held. More discovery would be
17	taken and witnesses presented as to what was in the minds
18	of the persons who negotiated this agreement more than 25
19	years ago. PSNH believes that the Commission's Order
20	Number

- 21 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, let me stop you
- there. I guess Briar has offered the testimony of Mr.
- Norman and Mr. Mack. Is there anyone available from PSNH
- 24 who could testify to these matters?

I	MR. EATON: Well, that I was going to
2	bring that up in my in comments, but I can address them
3	now. Mr. Lyons joined PSNH in 1948. He retired in 1990.
4	We know that he still is alive, but he is at least in his
5	late 80's, and may be approaching 90 years old. He, in
6	his last official duties for the Company, supervised the
7	supplemental energy supply matters. He had many special
8	contracts or contracts and rate orders to deal with. And,
9	we have not contacted him, we have not asked him if he
10	remembers this particular negotiations. And, we think
11	we're at a distinct disadvantage by the fact that this is
12	someone who has left the Company almost 20 years ago and
13	his recollection may not be good. It
14	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, what about
15	Mr. Perron, who's
16	MR. EATON: Mr. Perron has also left the
17	Company in the past, I think, five years. And, I spoke
18	with him about this, but he said he was mostly a person
19	who didn't negotiate, but who did do the calculations, and
20	he did do the calculations that are in Exhibit A. So,

- 21 we're at a disadvantage.
- 22 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, let me then ask
- 23 this question, in terms -- I guess I don't think we've had
- 24 formal discovery, but -- that's correct?

1	MR. EATON: Well, we have exchanged
2	documents that were in our possession that relate to this
3	contract.
4	CHAIRMAN GETZ: So, you have provided
5	Briar all the documents relevant to the policy statement
6	and to this contract?
7	MR. EATON: Yes, everything that we had.
8	CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, we have everything?
9	MR. EATON: I believe they were given to
10	Attorney Ross as well.
11	MS. ROSS: That's correct.
12	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Thank you. Okay.
13	Please proceed. And, to follow up on that, you know, all
14	of this or much of this information is hearsay of what Mr.
15	Mack may testify to and what Mr. Norman may testify to as
16	to conversations that took place. Mr. Mack, in the
17	paragraph that Mr. Moffett referred to, he concludes in
18	that paragraph that "we both understood that it did not",
19	so Mr. Mack is testifying as to what is in Mr. Lyons' mind
20	many, many years ago. Which brings me to the point of

- 21 whether the Commission is bound by the technical rules of
- evidence. It's not, it doesn't follow the strict rules of
- evidence, but that was described in a decision the
- 24 Commission made in Re: New England Electric Transmission,

- 1 and it was describing the difference between a civil court
- 2 matter and an administrative proceeding before the
- 3 Commission. And, this is at 67 NHPUC 408, that's where
- 4 the decision starts, and at 412 the Commission said that
- 5 "First, strict rules of evidence are not applied,
- 6 especially the hearsay rules. Second, most testimony and
- 7 documentary evidence will be expert testimony or exhibits
- 8 based on the expertise of the witness sponsoring the
- 9 exhibit. Third, the problems associated with drawing
- 10 inferences from eyewitness accounts of past behavior or
- 11 events are virtually nonexistent in these types of
- proceedings." Well, that third point is exactly what Mr.
- 13 Mack and Mr. Norman will talk about, is what Mr. Lyons
- said and what the conversations were back then. So, it is
- 15 eyewitness, earwitness accounts and memories of something
- that happened 28 years ago, which I think is entirely
- 17 unreliable and, therefore, we shouldn't explore that area
- of inquiry, and would not necessarily need a rehearing for
- 19 the Commission to conclude this matter.
- We have already presented our arguments

- 21 in our June 6th memorandum in opposition to the Briar
- 22 Hydro petition and our objection to the Motion for
- Rehearing, which we filed on December 31st. We think the
- 24 Commission's decision was correct. We won't repeat those

- 1 arguments at this time.
- 2 Motions for rehearing direct attention
- 3 to matters overlooked or mistakenly conceived in the
- 4 original decision and require an examination of the record
- 5 already before the fact-finder. Good reason is shown when
- 6 a party demonstrates that new evidence exists that was
- 7 unavailable at the original hearing. The Commission need
- 8 not grant a request for rehearing so that a party has a
- 9 second chance to present evidence that it could have
- presented earlier. Those are quotes that I included in
- our brief in opposition to the Motion for Rehearing.
- 12 It was Briar Hydro that suggested that
- 13 we could argue this case based upon the agreement and the
- 14 documents exchanged by the parties. Now, Briar Hydro
- 15 doesn't like the decision the Commission made, although
- 16 the decision is fully supported by the documents and the
- 17 regulatory context in which the agreement was negotiated.
- 18 After expressly waiving an evidentiary hearing, Briar
- 19 Hydro now requests on rehearing that the Commission hold
- an evidentiary hearing. And, as I explained, why don't we

- simply provide Mr. Lyons, and I'm not sure that we can or
- that he will be a reliable witness, given his advanced
- years, and the number of years he's been away from this
- 24 subject matter.

1	What I'd like to point out to the
2	Commission is that, which I haven't presented before, or
3	perhaps I did allude to it in our brief in opposition to
4	the Motion for Rehearing, is Briar Hydro can't legally
5	obtain the relief it seeks. And, without conceding our
6	original argument that capacity is included in the
7	contract, we still believe that, let's assume they're
8	correct, that the only thing that's in the contract is the
9	energy. For purposes of this argument, that's what I'm
10	going to assume. Now that ISO-New England is offering
11	Forward Capacity Market payments, Briar would like to
12	receive those payments. There's two ways that they could
13	do this; either outside of the contract with PSNH or as
14	part of the contract with PSNH.
15	If Briar Hydro were to offer the
16	capacity in a Forward Capacity Market, directly to ISO New
17	England, we believe they would be violating PURPA. PURPA
18	established two three distinct advantages for this
19	emerging small power industry. Number one, the local
20	utility could be required to purchase the output. And,

- 21 the local utility in this case was Concord Electric, but
- 22 Concord Electric could also wheel that output to another
- buying utility. Number two, the utility could be required
- 24 to provide backup power or station service. Number three,

- 1 and the point that's most important for this inquiry, is
- 2 the qualifying facility could avoid regulation as a public
- 3 utility, if it sold its output to the local utility, under
- 4 rates established by the local Commission, or under
- 5 contracts that were approved and sanctioned by the
- 6 Commission, as these were, they avoided FERC jurisdiction.
- 7 Now, if they split things up and sell capacity to one
- 8 party and energy to another party, which they would do
- 9 outside of the contract, they'd blow up their QF status.
- 10 They're no longer a qualifying facility. And, they might
- love that, because right now the contract has them selling
- 12 to PSNH at well below the market price. But we're not
- 13 going to let them get out of the contract. They still owe
- 14 us five years of below contract prices. And, we're going
- to hold them to that contract, as they should. But
- 16 they're arguing all these facts about what was in, what
- was out, they could not and did not attempt to sell any
- 18 capacity until the Forward Capacity Market happened.
- The second --
- 20 CMSR. BELOW: Is this a new legal

- 21 argument that you're positing here that should have been
- brought up earlier or is this sort of a defense to what
- has been raised today?
- MR. EATON: It's an argument, I believe

4			•	•	1
1	the second	argument that	we point out	was in oi	ar briet or

- 2 in our opposition to the memorandum -- I mean, the Motion
- 3 for Rehearing.
- 4 CMSR. BELOW: Your objection to the
- 5 Motion for Rehearing?
- 6 MR. EATON: Right. And, that's if -- if
- 7 they're trying to work through the contract, which I
- 8 believe they are, I believe the initial request of Mr.
- 9 MacDonald was "why don't you pass through the Forward
- 10 Capacity Market payments to us that you're receiving for
- 11 Penacook Lower Falls." Now, that changes the contract.
- 12 That alters the contract. And, the series of cases that
- start with the Freehold Cogeneration and what the small
- 14 power producers bring up all the time, is the Commission
- 15 can't change the rules halfway through based upon changed
- 16 circumstances. That's what Briar Hydro wants to do.
- 17 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, but, I mean, isn't
- that a distinction between whether PSNH purchased the
- 19 energy and capacity in the first instance, which is your
- 20 position, and versus Briar's position that you -- that

- 21 PSNH only purchased the energy, and the capacity was
- waived, not purchased by PSNH?
- MR. EATON: Well, PSNH has taken credit
- 24 for the capacity ever since the first month that that was

- provided. Ever since the first month of the contract, we 1 2 have claimed capacity for this. And, --CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, I guess that goes 3
- to perhaps what PSNH thought it was buying, but it doesn't 4
- necessarily speak to what Briar thought it was selling. 5
- Is that fair to say? 6
- MR. EATON: Well, if we weren't entitled 7
- 8 to that value, I think it's incumbent upon the seller to
- have discovered that in public documents, and also in --9
- 10 periodically we have to have this capacity audited. In
- 11 fact, in January 31st of 1984, there was -- there was an
- 12 audit created, and it was sent to NEPEX. This is the
- 13 document that both PSNH and Briar attached to their
- 14 pleadings. It's Attachment B to ours. And, right there
- 15 there are some readings from the plant as to instantaneous
- 16 kilowatts of capacity, and our claim as to what the
- 17 capacity value was, which was 2.5 megawatts. I think our
- initial position is that we resisted any payment for 18
- capacity in the contract, we valued it at zero, but it was 19
- 20 included in the contract.

- 21 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Let me just stop
- there for a second. I don't know if I got too far off on
- 23 the QF issue. Did you have additional inquiry,
- 24 Commissioner Below?

1	CMSR. BELOW: No. I mean, in your reply
2	objection, it was in the context of the jurisdictional
3	issue, which hasn't been orally argued today. But you're
4	saying this also implicates the interpretation of the
5	contract, this sort of legal constraint, as a QF, their
6	ability to sell energy and capacity to different entities
7	and different markets?
8	MR. EATON: Right. We don't believe
9	they have that they have that authority to do as a
10	qualifying facility. That they have to sell only to the
11	interconnecting utility or the utility to which it's
12	wheeled. Or else they're no longer a qualifying facility,
13	they become an exempt wholesale generator today, which was
14	not known back then. Back then they would have had to
15	file their capacity contract with FERC and have it
16	approved, and be subject to FERC jurisdiction. So, their
17	energy would have been would have been QF New Hampshire
18	regulated power or New Hampshire sanctioned power, and
19	their capacity somehow be FERC power. And, I don't
20	believe that there's any authority for splitting those two

- 21 things up if you are a qualifying facility. That's how
- you got the -- that's how you got to buy from --
- 23 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Is that a timing -- Does
- 24 that apply just at the time of formation or does that also

1	apply today you're saying?
2	MR. EATON: I think it applies today,
3	because now we're going into the changed circumstances.
4	Wouldn't it be great if we could just say "gee, avoided
5	costs have really changed since we determined. And, so,
6	let's reopen all the rate orders because avoided costs
7	have changed." Briar is saying "Hey, there's now a great
8	capacity market. We ought to get that money. Either we
9	ought to be able to go out and apply for it separately,
10	because it's separate from the contract, or, PSNH, you
11	ought to flow that money through to us, because you never
12	purchased the capacity." And, now, you're changing the
13	express terms of the contract and getting paid for
14	capacity through the contract. Either way, I don't
15	believe they can do it.
16	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, let me step back a
17	second to your statement that "the contract included
18	capacity". That is what you said, correct?
19	MR. EATON: Uh-huh.
20	CHAIRMAN GETZ: If we take it a step

- 21 back to the policy statement, the PSNH policy statement.
- 22 So, is it also your position that Options II and III
- 23 included capacity?
- MR. EATON: Yes, and it was priced at

- 1 zero. There was no reason to do a calculation of avoided
- 2 capacity costs, because under that offer the capacity was
- 3 priced at zero. And, all the way through, at that time
- 4 divestiture of -- I'm sorry, the sell-down of PSNH's share
- 5 in Seabrook had started, that started I believe in the
- 6 beginning of 1979, but PSNH still believed it was going to
- 7 have 36 percent of both Unit 1 and Unit 2, which was about
- 8 800 megawatts of capacity, and their offer was energy
- 9 priced at the 10 cents. And, PSNH made many changes to
- 10 its original offer. So, that 10 cents was paid for the
- 11 first eight or ten years under this contract, in order to
- 12 satisfy Briar -- New Hampshire Hydro Associates' need for
- 13 financing. And, so, they made changes. So, it wasn't
- 14 just simply a 9 cent contract. It was a front-end loaded
- 15 contract with 10 cents for several years. So, they got
- 16 the value of that, and they did their financing and they
- 17 signed the agreement.
- So, to say that "We now are entitled to
- 19 payments for Forward Capacity Market through the contract"
- 20 flies in the face of their own arguments that "capacity is

- 21 not in the contract". And, alternatively, going around
- 22 PSNH and applying directly we think blows up their QF
- status, which they are required to stay till the end of
- the agreement. I have nothing further.

1	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.
2	CMSR. BELOW: Are you assuming that the
3	documents that were attached to the various briefs are to
4	be considered in effect as evidence, even though there was
5	not an evidentiary hearing, because both parties waived an
6	evidentiary hearing, and both parties used documents to
7	substantiate their arguments?
8	MR. EATON: Yes, I am. I don't think
9	any party objected to the use of documents attached to
10	their pleadings. We exchanged those with the idea we
11	could use those documents, and I could be corrected if I'm
12	if Attorney Moffett or Attorney Ross has a different
13	opinion, but that the reason for exchanging the documents
14	is that these were documents that centered around the
15	formation of the contract and would help in
16	interpretation.
17	CMSR. BELOW: And, if we were to decide
18	that we should have an evidentiary hearing to more closely
19	scrutinize those documents, or have additional discovery,
20	I'm just wondering, I've heard the Forward Capacity Market

- and how that plays in here, and we didn't really consider
- 22 that, that was not exactly part of the original arguments.
- 23 But now it seems like it's been brought in by both sides
- 24 as to how the Forward Capacity Market looks at capacity as

1	a concept. Do you have an opinion as to whether that
2	bears on our decision or not or whether that should be the
3	subject of examination, if we did go to an evidentiary
4	hearing?
5	MR. EATON: Well, I'll I think the
6	Commission asked us to address that, of how the Forward
7	Capacity Market looks at capacity, who owns it, who
8	controls it. And, so, I think both parties did address it
9	already. So, yes, I believe, if you go onto an
10	evidentiary hearing, that that's part of the evidentiary
11	hearing.
12	CMSR. BELOW: Okay.
13	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Moffett, an
14	opportunity for rebuttal?
15	MR. MOFFETT: I do have some rebuttal,
16	Mr. Chairman. But I'd like to ask, if I may, would it be
17	possible to take a four or five minute break, because I'd
18	like to I'd like to talk with Mr. Norman about some
19	points that were argued about earlier. Is that

CHAIRMAN GETZ: I think Mr. Patnaude

- would appreciate it as well. So, why don't we take 15
- 22 minutes.
- 23 (Recess taken at 11:38 a.m. and the
- hearing reconvened at 11:55 a.m.)

1	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Before we turn to
2	Mr. Moffett, let me just make sure I understand. Mr.
3	Eaton, with the specific question that was in the
4	secretarial letter about what evidence you would produce
5	at a hearing, let me see if this is a fair
6	characterization. You basically said that, of the two
7	potential witnesses, one you spoke to and had no knowledge
8	of the negotiations, so you don't intend to produce him?
9	MR. EATON: That was my understanding.
10	I can I can circle back and talk to him again, and we
11	can talk to Mr. Lyons.
12	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, I mean, I'm just
13	saying, in terms of where you are today.
14	MR. EATON: Right.
15	CHAIRMAN GETZ: And, the other was that
16	you hadn't talked to the other witness, and you seemed to
17	be expressing a concern about his recollection. And,
18	then, so, is it fair to say then that there is no other
19	evidence that you would produce at a hearing, that you're
20	prepared to rely on the documents that have been

- 21 submitted, or is there other evidence?
- MR. EATON: Well, there's other
- 23 evidence. I think it's -- we could put in the testimony
- of concerning how we treated the capacity. Again, this is

1	a post-contract, but we could have a witness that would
2	show that we claimed the capacity and got credit for the
3	capacity during a period when capacity did have a positive
4	value. And, you know, we claim it today as part of our
5	portfolio for capability responsibility, when that was the
6	term, and ever since. It's part of our portfolio. And,
7	it's been recognized by NEPOOL and by ISO-New England as
8	part of PSNH's portfolio. And, so, we could put on a
9	witness to describe that. And, I think that's evidence
10	that either Briar Hydro knew or should have known about
11	that or they have sat on their rights for 18 years, 20
12	years of this contract.
13	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. So, then, there
14	would be no other evidence that you would seek to produce?
15	MR. EATON: Not at this time.
16	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.
17	MR. EATON: That I can think of.
18	CHAIRMAN GETZ: All right. Then, we'll
19	turn to Mr. Moffett, your opportunity for rebuttal. And,

I'm hopeful you'll be -- part of that rebuttal would be

- 21 responding to the QF issue raised by Mr. Eaton. Please.
- MR. MOFFETT: Thank you, Mr. Chairman.
- 23 First, on the point that was just being discussed, it's
- our position that we understand now, from having been

- 1 provided a copy of the "NEPEX letter" by PSNH, in
- 2 connection with the discovery or the exchange of documents
- 3 in this proceeding, that PSNH was claiming that capacity
- 4 "from the beginning". We did not understand it at the
- 5 time. Further to that point, I'd like to just refer
- 6 briefly to the e-mail, which is a part of the record, and
- 7 this is Exhibit D, I believe, in -- I'm sorry, Exhibit C
- 8 to the original Briar Hydro petition, in which Mr.
- 9 MacDonald is telling Mr. Norman, in an e-mail, in
- 10 reference to the short-term purchases, that he says "Up
- till now, no real monthly capacity margin has existed.
- 12 Therefore, we have not paid and won't pay a capacity
- 13 component of short-term rates until the new ISO capacity
- market starts in December. Therefore, FCM payments",
- 15 that's Forward Capacity Market payments, "will be passed
- through and forwarded to the QF owner."
- 17 CHAIRMAN GETZ: I'm sorry, just before
- 18 you go into an explanation of that. Is that Exhibit C-3
- 19 to your June 29 filing?
- MR. MOFFETT: I believe, Mr. Chairman,

- 21 that that is Appendix C to our original Petition for
- 22 Declaratory Ruling, dated March 28th, 2007.
- 23 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, in my Attachment
- 24 C, it looks like there's three numbered subsets.

1	MR. MOFFETT: Give me just a second
2	here.
3	CHAIRMAN GETZ: In which I have one and
4	two, but nothing after three.
5	MR. MOFFETT: I'm sorry, it was Appendix
6	3, you're correct and I'm mistaken. It was Appendix 3 to
7	the original Petition for Declaratory Ruling, dated March
8	28, 2007. And, the
9	CHAIRMAN GETZ: I'm sorry, I hate to
10	belabor this, but I want to see the document. My Appendix
11	3 to your June 29 memorandum
12	MR. MOFFETT: No, wrong document. It's
13	the original petition, the petition that initiated the
14	case, March 28th, 2007.
15	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay, I'm all set now.
16	MR. MOFFETT: Appendix 3. And, the
17	language that I was quoting from is in the second block of
18	text, toward the bottom of the second block of text.
19	Okay?
20	Next, I'd like to briefly address the

- 21 legal argument that Mr. Eaton made in summary, suggesting
- 22 that "a QF would be in violation of PURPA, if it attempted
- 23 to sell capacity separately from the energy that it was
- selling to the purchaser of the energy." With respect, I

- 1 just don't think there's any support for that, either in
- 2 the PURPA rules or in the record. This contract, for one
- 3 thing, was not strictly speaking a LEEPA contract. The
- 4 FERC rule, FERC Rule 69, specifically allows small power
- 5 producers, QFs, to negotiate rates and terms that are
- 6 different from the rates and terms that are set by a
- 7 public utilities commission. And, those we have always
- 8 referred to in this state as "negotiated contracts", as
- 9 opposed to "rate orders" or contracts based on the avoided
- 10 cost rates that were set by the Commission.
- 11 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, that's I guess
- what I, and maybe this is probably more for Mr. Eaton, but
- 13 I'm having trouble seeing how the contract rests on the
- premise that "Briar is a QF". And, basically, you're
- 15 telling me that --
- MR. MOFFETT: I think you're right.
- 17 It's virtually irrelevant. I mean, it's not -- we're not,
- 18 Briar was not counting on QF status when it negotiated
- 19 that contract with PSNH. It was a small power producer.
- 20 And, it happened to qualify for qualifying facility

- 21 status, but there is no -- there is no prohibition against
- 22 a QF negotiating a contract to sell energy separately from
- 23 capacity. In fact, FERC Rule 69 specifically says, you
- 24 know, that that's okay. It can sell either capacity or

- 1 energy or both.
- 2 I think the last thing I'd like to say
- 3 is there's sort of a -- there's sort of a counterintuitive
- 4 argument that I believe PSNH is making here. They're
- 5 conceding that the contract does not mention capacity, and
- 6 yet they're saying "it included capacity", and, more than
- 7 that, "we've got it, we've got it under the contract."
- 8 It's almost as if you had a rug maker that was selling
- 9 rugs, and he had a contract to sell rugs to a merchant,
- and he said he was going to buy the entire output of the
- 11 rug factory, the loom, if you will. And, the merchant
- who's buying the rugs takes that to mean that he owns the
- loom as well. And, it's hard for me to imagine a contract
- 14 that is silent on a second discrete element, which is not
- 15 mentioned, and where the assumption would be that the
- seller is buying it, rather than that the -- excuse me,
- 17 that the purchaser is buying it, rather than that the
- seller is retaining it, if it's not mentioned in the
- 19 contract. Remember, this is not a situation where PSNH
- and the Commission and the small power producers weren't

- 21 aware of the distinction between energy and capacity.
- We've been aware of that for three years by the time this
- 23 contract was negotiated. It's not as if they didn't know
- 24 what capacity was and that it was different from energy.

- 1 So, to say that we've got a contract here that talks only
- 2 about energy, this is a contract for the purchase and sale
- 3 of electrical energy, and it talks about "output", yes,
- 4 but the courts have construed "output" to mean the energy
- 5 that is generated by the capacity, not the capacity
- 6 itself. So, to argue from that that the buyer is getting
- 7 the capacity, as well as the energy, is counterintuitive,
- 8 and I think it's contrary to the law and the evidence in
- 9 the record. It's certainly contrary to the contract. I
- shouldn't say that. The contract is silent. But I think
- it's very hard to argue, from the fact that the contract
- is silent on capacity, that capacity went with the energy.
- 13 In fact, the evidence in the record is to the contrary,
- 14 that it did not. The contract was based strictly on
- 15 energy cost.
- 16 Just one final thing, to avoid any
- 17 misunderstanding about the documents that have been
- presented in the record today, all three of those
- 19 documents, A, B, and C, are new in the sense that they
- were not part of the record previously. But A and C were

- 21 documents that had been previously either in PSNH -- I
- think, in both cases, in PSNH's files. And, we're simply
- 23 bringing them forward today because we think that it would
- be important for the Commission to understand how Mr.

1	Norman would testify as to the significance of those
2	documents.
3	Exhibit B that was filed for the record
4	today is in a different category. PSNH has never seen
5	Exhibit B. Exhibit B was developed by Briar Hydro
6	Associates specifically in anticipation of this hearing or
7	a subsequent hearing at which there would be testimony.
8	And, we would certainly be happy to give PSNH a chance to
9	do discovery on that and depose or whatever they want to
10	do on that. But the point is, PSNH had not seen that
11	document prior to this morning, Exhibit B.
12	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay.
13	CMSR. BELOW: I'm intrigued by your rug
14	merchant analogy. And, I'm trying to understand your
15	argument about what's intuitive or counterintuitive
16	logical or not. If a merchant, Merchant A, had a contract
17	with a rug maker that obligated the entire output of a
18	loom to supply that merchant for the next ten years, the
19	owner of the loom still owns it, but does he have capacity

that he could offer to Merchant B during the ten year

- 21 period that that -- the entire output is obligated to
- 22 Merchant A?
- MR. MOFFETT: Sure, he can offer to sell
- 24 the factory to Merchant B. And, then, Merchant B --

1	CMSR. BELOW: Well, that's the ownership
2	of the factory.
3	MR. MOFFETT: Right. But that's what
4	we're talking about with capacity.
5	CMSR. BELOW: If the entire output we're
6	obligated to Merchant A, isn't the entire capacity
7	wouldn't Merchant A assume that the entire capacity of
8	that loom was committed to meet their needs? And, it
9	couldn't go to meet some other merchant's needs in terms
10	of producing rugs
11	MR. MOFFETT: You can't use it to make
12	rugs to sell to somebody else. But that doesn't answer
13	the question about who owns the factory.
14	CMSR. BELOW: Is the ownership of the
15	power plant in question here?
16	MR. MOFFETT: No, but the capacity, we
17	would argue, and I think this is consistent with the ISO,
18	the Forward Capacity Market position, unless the capacity
19	is contracted away by the owner of the capacity, the
20	plant, then the owner retains it.

- 21 CMSR. BELOW: So, you're saying the
- 22 owner retains it, even though that entire capacity is
- 23 under obligation to meet -- to supply needs for energy,
- 24 electrical power, to PSNH?

1	MR. MOFFETT: That's correct,
2	Commissioner. The Forward Capacity Market rules make it
3	clear that what ISO is bargaining for is, when it when
4	it asks people to step up and bid into the Forward
5	Capacity Market, it's asking them to commit that, if they
6	don't already have an existing plant that will generate,
7	that they're going to build a plant that would be capable
8	of generating X megawatts in time to meet the commitment
9	period, the three-year commitment period covered by the
10	Forward Capacity Market on a rolling basis. And, the way
11	that works is, you can sell your energy separately, but
12	you are committing to ISO that you're going to have iron
13	in the ground that would be capable of producing energy
14	that you could sell to Party A, B, or C.
15	CMSR. BELOW: Well, in your
16	understanding of that, if Party A were outside of the New
17	England Control Area, and you obligated your capacity of
18	your generator, the entire output of that plant to sell to
19	a load-serving entity outside of the New England Control
20	Area, could that count as capacity for New England?

- MR. MOFFETT: I want to be careful,
- because I think the rule actually does speak to that
- 23 issue. But I'm not certain that I recall, without
- 24 reviewing it, exactly how it treats it. But I'll get an

answer for you on that. 1 2 CMSR. BELOW: Okay. And, furthermore, if that plant didn't produce and supply power onto the 3 Grid for New England at the time it was called upon, could 4 it -- would it get paid for that capacity, just in the 5 abstract? 6 7 MR. MOFFETT: No, and that's a key 8 point. If the generator, you know, refuses to operate the 9 plant during the commitment period, refuses to make the 10 plant available for sales into the day-ahead market or the same day market, then they lose their capacity payments. 11 12 They're penalized. 13 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Mr. Eaton. 14 MR. EATON: I have one point to raise, 15 based upon Mr. Moffett's arguments. And, if this wasn't 16 -- if this contract wasn't formed under the auspices of 17 PURPA, then it had to be filed with FERC as a FERC wholesale rate. A generator that sells to a utility is 18 19 subject to -- it is considered to be, prior to PURPA, it's

considered to be a sale in interstate commerce, and it was

- 21 required to be filed with FERC at that time. And, I don't
- believe it was. I believe it was a -- it was a contract.
- 23 And, I think the Commission's decision speaks to the fact
- 24 that PSNH went out to negotiate these agreements pursuant

- 1 to PURPA and LEEPA, and that, if it wasn't given an 2 exemption from FERC regulation, it had to be filed with FERC, and I don't believe it has, and I don't believe 3 there has been any approval by FERC of this agreement. 4 That this is a QF agreement, and they're bound by the 5 rules of a QF. 6 7 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. We're going to 8 give you the chance to go last, Mr. Moffett. But does the 9 Consumer Advocate or Staff have anything? 10 MR. TRAUM: No thank you. 11 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Well, then, let me just 12 address, it looks like we've made one commitment at least 13 with respect to one answer from the Company to -- or from 14 Briar to Commissioner Below's question. And, I guess we 15 will reserve Exhibit D for that, for that answer. 16 (Exhibit D reserved) 17 CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. If there's nothing further from the other parties, then, Mr. Moffett, 18 19 you have the opportunity to go last.
- file:///O|/CaseFile/2007/07-045/TRANSCRIPTS%20AND%20OFFICIAL%20EXHIBITS/07-045OA.txt (133 of 136)6/5/2008 3:25:28 PM

MR. MOFFETT: Just quickly in response

- 21 to Mr. Eaton's last point. I didn't say, I certainly
- didn't mean to say, and I hope I didn't say, that "New
- 23 Hampshire Hydro Associates was not a QF." I think,
- 24 clearly, New Hampshire Hydro Associates was a QF. What I

1	intended to say, what I hope I said, is that there is
2	nothing in the FERC rule that requires a QF to sell power
3	to an electric utility at rates and terms that are set by
4	a public utilities commission. There are such things, and
5	we call them "rate orders". But the FERC Rule 69
6	specifically provides, and this is cited in our brief,
7	specifically provides that a QF can sell to an electric
8	utility at negotiated rates and terms that are different
9	from those that are set up by the Public Utilities
10	Commission. And, it in no way implies that, if you do
11	that, you have to sell both capacity and energy.
12	CHAIRMAN GETZ: Okay. Well, thank you
13	everyone. At this time, we'll close the hearing for the
14	purposes of oral argument and take the matter under
15	advisement. Thank you.
16	(Whereupon the hearing ended at 12:16
17	p.m.)
18	
19	
20	